

# Distribution Regularity of the Divalent Metal Chelate into Various Organic Solvent : Distribution of Beryllium Thenoyltrifluoroacetate

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## Distribution Regularity of the Divalent Metal Chelate into Various Organic Solvent

### Distribution of Beryllium Thenoyltrifluoroacetate\*

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#### Abstract

The distribution ratios of a typical chelate of divalent metal ion,  $\text{Be}^{2+}$ , with TTA, between an aqueous perchlorate solutions ( $\mu=0.1$ ) and nearly 40 organic solvents including inert, ether, ester, ketone, and alcohol solvents were determined as a function of  $pA$  at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ . The extractable chelate was identified to be  $\text{BeA}_2$  and no adduct formation with excess of uncomplexed free TTA or oxygen-containing solvent itself was observed. The distribution coefficient of the chelate ( $P_M$ ) was compared with that of TTA ( $P_{HA}$ ) and it is found that the relationship expressed by the following formula holds good in the present system also,  $\log P_M = n \log P_{HA} + \text{const.}$  Accordingly, the distribution of the same chelate into another solvent or the distribution of the stimilar type of chelate into an organic solvent can be predicted.

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